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- 130 acre landfill facility for nonhazardous solid waste
- Disposal Capacity
 - 10,000 tonnes/day
 - 1,100,000 tonnes / year
- Acceptable Materials:
 - Residential Waste
 - Commercial Waste
 - Industrial Residues
 - Demolition Debris
 - Contaminated Soils
 - Railway Ties



Waste Disposal

South Landfill - Niagara Falls, ON



What is Landfill Gas (LFG)?

Organics break down in a landfill

The low-oxygen environment means the breakdown makes methane (AKA natural gas!)

Constituents	% in Landfill Gas
Methane (CH ₄)	40-55%
Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	35-45%
Nitrogen (N ₂)	2-16%
Oxygen (O ₂)	0.5-4%
H ₂ S, Siloxanes, NMOCs	Trace







Generate Electricity

At our Niagara operations we have two generators:

- 1 megawatt to the electrical grid, powering our community
- 1 megawatt "behind the meter" powering our landfill gas plant



Renewable Natural Gas (RNG)

We use about 900 PJ of Natural gas per year in Ontario

- 400 PJ is direct purchase by large commercial and industrial users, 500 PJ (500 Million GJ) for homes and businesses.
- Renewable Natural gas is methane, which makes it a direct replacement for fossil natural gas



So, how do we make this order-of-magnitude change?

- Be ready for the next opportunity
- Pay attention to policy signals
- Know your regulations
- Invest in people

Lots to Think About:

- Do NOT underestimate the challenges of complexity
- Unconscious Incompetence
- It will take longer than you think
- Be ready

RNG PROJECT OVERVIEW



- ► LFG to RNG facility currently under construction
- ► Will produce nearly 1 million GJs of renewable energy per year
- ► Largest project of its kind in Province of Ontario
- Added new wells to landfill to maximize gas extraction and utilization



The RNG Project



